

Immune system disorders

*Learning objectives:-

- 1- Classify disorders of the immune system.
- 2-Identify mechanisms of hypersensitivity reactions.
- 3-Define (immediate hypersensitivity, allergy, allergen.)
- 4-Identify types of immediate hypersensitivity.
- 5- Describe the two phases of local reaction of type I hypersensitivity.
- 6-Discuss the role of mast cell in type I hypersen.
- 7-Discuss the role of basophil in type I hypersen.
- 8-Explain the mechanism of immediate hypersen.
- 9-List the categories of mediators in type I hypersen.
- 10-Discuss the types,formation,sources, & actions of mediators of type I hype.

Disorders of immune system

1-

2-

3-

4-

Introduction to hypersensitivity reaction

- * Human-----Environment-----Ag.
- * Types of Ags.
- * Types of hypersensitivity reactions

Immediate hypersensitivity

-Definition of:

*Type I hypersensitivity.

*Allergy.

*Allergen.

*Atopic allergy.

*Systemic anaphylaxis.

Types of immediate hypersensitivity

1- Local immediate hypersensitivity reactions.

- Allergen.

- Examples.

2-Systemic anaphylaxis.

- Characteristics.

Local reaction

*Phases:-

1-Immediate, or initial response.

2-Second, late-phase reaction.

Mast cell

*Characteristics.

Basophil

*Characteristics.

Mechanism of type I hypersensitivity

- Ags.
- Dendritic cell.
- Naive CD⁺ helper T cell.
- TH2 cell.(IL-3,4,5,13, GM/CSF,chemokines).
- IgE B cell.
- IgE antibody.
- Mast cell. IL-3,5
 - Gross-linking
 - Release of primary & secondary medi.
- Effects

Mediators of type I hypersensitivity

- Types.
- Formation.
- Sources.
- Actions